1	JENNIFER STISA GRANICK (CA Bar No. 168423) AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION FOUNDATION				
2					
3	425 California Street, Seventh Floor San Francisco, CA 94104				
4	Telephone: 415-343-0758 jgranick@aclu.org				
5	JACOB A. SNOW (CA Bar No. 270988)  AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION FOUNDATION OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA				
6					
7	39 Drumm Street San Francisco, CA 94111				
8	Telephone: 415-621-2493 Fax: 415-255-1478				
9	jsnow@aclunc.org				
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff				
11					
12					
13					
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
16	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION				
17	AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION	Case No. 3:20-cv-09284-CRB			
18	FOUNDATION,	STATUS REPORT AND FURTHER JOINT			
19	Plaintiff,	CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT			
20	V.				
21	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE and FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,				
22	Defendants.				
23					
24					
25	Pursuant to Court order (ECF No. 38), t	he parties jointly submit this Status Report and Further			
26	Case Management Statement pursuant to Civil Local Rule 16-9 and the Standing Order for All Judges of				
27	the Northern District of California—Contents of Joint Case Management Statement.				
28					
	STATUS REPORT AND FURTHER JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT NO. 3:20-CV-09284-CRB 1				

# **Status Report**

As reported in the last case management statement (ECF No. 37), the parties have continued working together to narrow the issues in dispute. The parties now report as follows:

The parties agreed to narrow the Request to encompass only the following two categories of records responsive to the Request:

- technical manuals or guides, standard operating procedures, and/or documents concerning best practices; and
- training and/or briefing materials.

For the avoidance of doubt, the agreed-upon narrowed scope of potentially responsive records excludes records that pertain to FBI investigations and/or joint law enforcement actions (*i.e.*, investigatory files).

The parties further agreed that the primary dispute between the parties is whether the narrowed categories of potentially responsive records are subject to FOIA Exemption 7(E) in full. Exemption 7(E) protects law enforcement information that "would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law." 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(E). The parties agree that resolution of whether Exemption 7(E) protects the responsive records in full could be dispositive of the entire lawsuit.

Third, to facilitate resolution of that primary, and potentially dispositive, Exemption 7(E) dispute, the parties agreed to bifurcate these proceedings, such that FBI initially reviewed the potentially responsive records for application of Exemption 7(E) only. The FBI has completed that review and released non-exempt documents. The FBI is withholding the remaining responsive documents on the basis of Exemption 7(E).

At this point, the parties may submit the Exemption 7(E) dispute to the Court for adjudication via summary judgment briefing. If the Court finds that Exemption 7(E) protects the narrowed responsive records, that determination would be dispositive. However, if the Court finds that Exemption 7(E) does not protect the narrowed responsive records in full, then the parties agree that FBI may review the potentially responsive records for any and all underlying FOIA exemptions, which would then be adjudicated via a second summary judgment motion. By bifurcating the proceedings in this manner, the

parties agree that FBI expressly reserves and does not waive any and all underlying FOIA exemptions that might apply to the potentially responsive records notwithstanding the fact that FBI does not assert them in the initial summary judgment proceedings. The parties recognize that the requested bifurcated proceedings might result in two summary judgment proceedings. In the last Case Management Statement filed on September 16, 2022 (ECF No. 25), the parties respectfully requested leave from this Court to proceed in this manner in the interest of judicial economy and conservation of government resources. *See* Standing Order for Civil and Criminal Cases Before Judge Charles R. Breyer § I.C ("Each party is limited to filing one summary judgment motion. Any party wishing to exceed this limit must request leave of the Court and must show good cause"). FBI submits that identifying and justifying any and all underlying FOIA exemptions and litigating all of those underlying exemptions in one summary judgment motion would be unduly taxing on FBI's and the Court's limited resources and would result in significant delays to the resolution of this lawsuit, especially where resolution of the primary Exemption 7(E) dispute could be dispositive.

The FBI has completed the bifurcated Exemption 7(E) review. As reported in the last Case Management Statement, now that the FBI has completed the bifurcated Exemption 7(E) review, the FBI estimates that it will need approximately four months to prepare its initial summary judgment motion, which would include a declaration to, among other things, establish the bases for the FBI's Exemption 7(E) assertion by describing the categories of withheld records under Exemption 7(E).

The parties are currently negotiating to see if they can resolve the outstanding disputes without further Court intervention. To that end, the FBI has agreed to provide certain agreed-upon information to Plaintiff on or around September 27, 2024. In order to provide Plaintiff time to review that forthcoming information—and assess whether further Court intervention is necessary—the parties will provide the Court with a further status update on October 31, 2024. At this point, the parties anticipate that the October 31, 2024 status update will include either (1) a report that the parties have resolved their disputes regarding the FBI's Exemption 7(E) withholdings or (2) propose a briefing schedule for bifurcated summary judgment proceedings on the FBI's Exemption 7(E) withholdings only.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The parties have previously agreed that the FBI expressly reserves and does not waive any and all underlying FOIA exemptions that might apply to the potentially responsive records to the extent the STATUS REPORT AND FURTHER JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

# **Further Case Management Statement**

## 1. Jurisdiction & Service

Plaintiff brought this action under the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(4)(B) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331. All parties have been served, and there are no issues concerning personal jurisdiction.

#### 2. Facts

On June 26, 2018, Plaintiff American Civil Liberties Union Foundation ("ACLU") submitted a FOIA request ("Request") to the Office of Information Police ("OIP") on behalf of the Office of the Attorney General ("OAG"), the Office of the Inspector General ("OIG"), and the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI") seeking the release of records related to the Electronic Device Analysis Unit ("EDAU"), a unit of the FBI. The FBI divided the initial Request into five distinct requests. The FBI offered "Glomar" responses to three of Plaintiff's requests, refusing to even confirm or deny whether responsive records exist at all. Two of these decisions were upheld on administrative appeal. The third was remanded on administrative appeal, and the FBI is still processing that request. The FBI initially closed the fourth request by stating that it was overbroad, a decision that was also overturned and remanded on administrative appeal. The FBI is still processing that request. Plaintiff does not challenge the response to the fifth request. These four subparts of the FOIA request to the FBI remain at issue in this lawsuit.

On December 22, 2020, the ACLU filed this lawsuit. ECF No. 1.

Defendants Department of Justice ("DOJ") and Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI") filed their Answer on January 28, 2021. ECF No. 17.

On January 22, 2021, OIG, a component of DOJ and a recipient of one of the FOIA requests at issue in the above-captioned lawsuit, responded to Plaintiff's FOIA request to OIG, reporting that OIG did not locate any records responsive to Plaintiff's FOIA request to OIG.

On February 19, 2021, OIP—the component of DOJ designated to process FOIA requests on behalf of OAG, which received one of the FOIA requests at issue in this lawsuit—responded to Plaintiff's

8

10

12

13

16

17

18

20

24

25 26

27

28

FOIA request, informing Plaintiff that no records responsive to Plaintiff's FOIA request to OAG were located.

On May 20, 2021, in order to allow the FBI to complete its searches regarding the four subparts of the Request to FBI that remain at issue and to allow the parties to meet and confer regarding a path forward in the above-captioned litigation, the parties jointly requested that the Court continue their initial case management conference. ECF No. 21. On May 21, 2021, the Court ordered the case management conference to be continued until July 9, 2021, and extended the deadline to submit the initial case management conference statement to June 18, 2021. ECF No. 22.

On June 16, 2021, the parties filed a stipulation agreeing to dismiss Defendant DOJ insofar as it stands in for its components, OIG and OIP (on behalf of OAG). ECF No. 23.

On June 18, 2021, the parties filed a Joint Case Management statement. ECF No. 25. On June 24, the Court vacated the Case Management Conference set for July 9, 2021 and ordered a Joint Case Management Statement to be filed by November 5, 2021. ECF No. 26.

FBI released records on or around September 9, 2021 and September 30, 2021.

On November 2, 2021, the parties filed a joint cases management statement updating the Court on these developments. On February 24, 2022, the parties submitted a Joint Case Management Statement. ECF No. 32. On September 16, 2022, the parties advised the Court via Joint Case Management Statement that ACLU had agreed to narrow the categories of records requested and that FBI would perform a bifurcated review, focusing first on the application of Exemption 7(E), as set forth above. ECF No. 35.

The parties now submit this joint case management statement pursuant to Local Rule 16-2(e).

## 3. Legal Issues

At this juncture, this lawsuit raises several legal issues under FOIA:

- Whether Defendant FBI has conducted an adequate search for records responsive to the Request, see 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(3);
- Whether Defendant FBI improperly failed to grant Plaintiff's request for a limitation of fees, see id. § 552(a)(4)(A)(iii); and

	1
	2
•	3
	4
	5
	6
,	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
2	6
2	7

 Whether Defendant FBI has lawfully invoked FOIA exemptions to withhold or redact responsive records or to refuse to confirm or deny whether responsive records exist, see id. § 552(b).

# 4. Motions

There are no prior or pending motions. The parties anticipate that this matter will be resolved on summary judgment.

# 5. <u>Amendment of Pleadings</u>

No party anticipates amending its pleadings.

#### 6. Evidence Preservation

The parties acknowledge their duty to preserve relevant materials in accordance with rules and case law applicable to FOIA actions.

#### 7. <u>Disclosures</u>

The parties agree and stipulate pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(1)(A) that initial disclosures are not necessary, as this is a FOIA action for which there is no need to exchange such disclosures.

#### 8. <u>Discovery</u>

To date, no discovery has been taken by any party. Plaintiff does not currently anticipate propounding discovery, but Plaintiff notes that discovery may be appropriate in certain circumstances and reserve the right to seek discovery. *See, e.g., Carney v. DOJ*, 19 F.3d 807, 812–13 (2d Cir. 1994) (discovery appropriate where a party has provided "some tangible evidence that an exemption claimed by the agency should not apply or summary judgment is otherwise inappropriate").

#### 9. Class Actions

This is not a class action.

#### 10. Related Cases

Counsel for the parties are unaware of any related cases before another judge of this Court.

#### 11. Relief

Plaintiff seeks the relief set forth in their Prayer for Relief. See Compl. at 12, ECF No. 1.

## 12. Settlement and ADR

This case has been assigned to the Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR") Multi-Option Program. ECF No. 8. The parties have conferred about ADR processes in conformance with ADR L.R. 3-5. The parties respectfully submit that this case is not well-suited to ADR resolution, and that ADR is not likely to increase the likelihood of resolving this matter. The parties therefore request that the Court exempt this case from ADR.

# 13. Consent to Magistrate Judge For All Purposes.

Plaintiff declined assignment of this case to a magistrate judge for all purposes.

#### 14. Other References

The parties agree that this case is not suitable for reference to binding arbitration or a special master, or reference to the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation.

#### 15. Narrowing of Issues

The parties have negotiated in good faith to narrow the issues in dispute, including by narrowing the scope of the Request and by agreeing to bifurcate these proceedings. *See supra* Joint Status Report.

#### 16. Expedited Trial Procedure

The parties anticipate that this case, as a FOIA matter, can be resolved on summary judgment. The expedited trial procedure is therefore inapplicable.

#### 17. Scheduling

As described *supra*, the parties have agreed that the FBI will share certain information with Plaintiff in an attempt to obviate the need for summary judgment proceedings regarding the Exemption 7(E) withholdings. The parties will provide the Court with a further status update on October 31, 2024. The parties anticipate that the October 31, 2024 status update will include either (1) a report that the parties have resolved their disputes regarding the FBI's Exemption 7(E) withholdings or (2) propose a briefing schedule for bifurcated summary judgment proceedings on the FBI's Exemption 7(E) withholdings only.

#### 18. <u>Trial</u>

The parties anticipate that this entire case will be resolved on summary judgment if the parties do not reach a negotiated resolution.

1	19. Disclosure of Non-party Interested Entities or Persons		
2	As a governmental entity or agency, Defendant is exempt from the disclosure requirement of Civil		
3	Local Rule 3-15.		
4	As set forth in Plaintiff's Civil Local Rule 3-15 statement filed on December 22, 2020, ECF No. 2,		
5	counsel for Plaintiff certify that other than the named parties, there is no such interest to report.		
6	20. <u>Professional Conduct</u>		
7	The attorneys of record for the parties have reviewed the Guidelines for Professional Conduct for		
8	the Northern District of California.		
9	21. <u>Other</u>		
10	None.		
11	The parties submit this joint case management statement pursuant to Local Rule 16-2(e).		
12		Respectfully submitted,	
13	Dated: 31st May 2024	/s/ Jennifer Stisa Granick	
14		Jennifer Stisa Granick	
15		AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION FOUNDATION	
16		425 California Street, Seventh Floor San Francisco, CA 94104	
17		Telephone: 415-343-0758	
18		jgranick@aclu.org	
19		Jacob Snow AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION	
20		FOUNDATION OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA 39 Drumm Street	
21		San Francisco, CA 94111	
22		Telephone: 415-621-2493 Fax: 415-255-1478	
23		jsnow@aclunc.org	
24		Attorneys for Plaintiff	
25	Dated: 31st May 2024	ISMAIL J. RAMSEY	
26		United States Attorney	
27		/s/ Jevechius D. Bernardoni Jevechius D. Bernardoni	
28		Assistant United States Attorney	

STATUS REPORT AND FURTHER JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT NO. 3:20-CV-09284-CRB 8

# Case 3:20-cv-09284-CRB Document 39 Filed 05/31/24 Page 9 of 9

1	
that all other signatories have concurred in the filing of this document.	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18 19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

STATUS REPORT AND FURTHER JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT NO. 3:20-CV-09284-CRB 9